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Jul 29, 2024 A shareholder can be defined as a person who has the right to hold and sell shares of your company as he/she owns them. He/she can either sell these shares for an exchange of goods or money or hold them till they reach new heights and then sell it for profits. A shareholder agreement can be defined as a type of agreement that is signed
amongst the shareholders or members of a company. It is a contract between shareholders, that define mutual obligations, rights, privileges, and protection. In the absence of this sample shareholder agreement, you will have to unwillingly accept the provisions that the law dictates. Consider seeking our expert help while drafting a shareholder
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standardize your business strategy. Size: A4, USDownload NowThis adhesion to the unanimous shareholder agreement that is mentioned above is an important template to have in your file library. It helps you keep a check on the shares of your company and also, it is easier for you to know who are the investors and shareholders you have in the
company. Keep a check on the subscription of sales as well. It can be printed and downloaded anytime, anywhere with ease. Size: US, A4Download Now Step 1: Identify the PartiesThe first thing you need to do is identify who the parties involved in the agreement are. This way, it gets easier for you to know who is involved in the agreement. Check
printable share certificates for more. All the details of the parties involved should be mentioned like the name, contact details, name of the company, the website, the address, etc. This makes it easier for others to identify who is involved in the agreement.Step 2: Structure of the CompanyPan out the structure of your company. You can do so by
dividing them into segments and divisions that make it easier to understand what you do as a business entity. Detail the structure of the company as it is one of the most important elements in the shareholder agreements. This structuring would depend on the size and type of organization. It should have in it, the details of the board of directors,
officers and the roles and responsibilities of the board and the governance of the organization. Find more work agreementtemplates by visiting this link.Step 3: Rights and ObligationsThis is one of the most important steps while creating a sponsorship agreement. You have to mention all the roles, responsibilities, the rights and obligations one has in
the agreement so that they all know what they have to do and what they dont. These obligations can be any financial obligations, handing the death or the incapability of the shareholder, the termination of the agreement during the timeframe, etc. Here, you should also mention the corporations obligation it has to fulfill as a business entity.Step 4:
SharesHere comes the main part of the agreement. In this step, you mention when and where the shares that are bought can be transferred and what are the rules of the reselling of these shares again by the owner. Check shareholder agreement templates for more. Mention or not the shares are allowed for repurchase. Also, mention if there are any
limits to how much capital can be used for the reselling of the shares. This means you can give a limit as to how much capital can one investor invests. Explore a variety of finance agreementtemplates here.Step 5: Review and SignaturesMention all the clauses in the agreement like the definitions, indemnity clause, warranties, laws, confidentiality
clauses, representations, etc. in the agreement without fail. After you have successfully passed all the steps, review your agreement so that you know that you have not missed any details that need to be added in it. After you review it and it is all fair, get the document signed by everyone involved in the agreement, and then give a copy to each one.
Check out more agent agreementtemplates available here. Size: US, A4Download Now Size: A4, USDownload Now angelcapitalassociation.orgTo protect yourself and investment then you should draft a sample shareholder agreement. This should have the names and addresses of the shareholders. It should also have a payment schedule of the
purchased price of assets bought. translegal.comThis example which has a witnesseth section and outlines important issues as general, compensation, profit, employment termination, noncompetition and stock transfers is a contract you can use. assante.comBeing conversant with the objectives of the shareholder agreement is an important task. This
sample offers some like restriction of transfer of share to outsiders and many others you can use in writing an agreement. You can take a look at these partner agreementtemplates provided here. faculty.insead.eduTo make sure all the shareholders agree they should write their names and the date of the agreement. This blank is an example of such a
contract you should draft or you can download it and use it. yourfreedom.comDetermining the shares transfer procedure is important to the future of your company. The agreement should have the names of the parties and the background section. The sample will help you achieve just that. Browse through more family agreementtemplates here.
cengage.comUnderstanding the terms of being a shareholder is essential for anyone looking to invest in a company. Examples of things to expect are an agreement of the bound, successor and assign, counterparts, notice, and governing law. c.ymcdn.comHaving a back up for the succession of the company is essential for the proper running of the
business. This sample gives the issues to be highlighted in the agreement, which is planning for the succession and change in ownership. Looking for more insights? Dive into our blog post about landlord agreementtemplates. marsdd.comA standard form is all you need when looking to have a third party company to become a shareholder. The
example template with the background option is what you should look forward to seeing. gov.ukJointly owning a company can be hard without the right agreement of running the business. The sample shows the format starting with the name of the shareholders and the agreement of the shareholders at the end. For a wider selection of trade
agreementtemplates, check out more options here. startupcommons.orgAs a company coming to an agreement with the shareholders builds trust in them and the company. The company name, partners to the agreement, ownership of share and background should be incorporated as shown in the example. Wrapping Up:It is very important that you
mention the terms f the deal in the agreement without fail. This way, all those involved in the agreement can understand easily as to what the deal is about and what can be done to make it a success. You should also mention the procedural rules of the agreement. Find more liability agreement templates by visiting this link. Check restaurant
shareholders agreement templates for more. Remember to get the agreement to the attorney before they are signed, in this way, if there are any changes to be made, they can be done easily. It is very important to mention the vesting period of the shares.The agreement should have details of the buyers, the seller, the investment, etc. The important
components to be present in the shareholders sample agreement are the articles, the board details, the bylaws, the names of the shareholders, the shares that are being sold, the amount at which they are being sold, common share ratio, the directors resolution, etc. Any miscellaneous information that needs to be added in the agreement should be
done so without fail. Explore a variety of project agreementtemplates here.General FAQs A shareholder can be a person or a company that owns portions of equity, known as shares, in a corporation. Being equity owners, if the company performs well, the shareholder profits, otherwise the shareholder can potentially lose money. A shareholders
agreement, also known as the stockholders agreement, is a legal contract involving multiple shareholders of a company. It determines the shareholders rights and responsibilities, along with the specific outcomes and actions that will be taken in case a shareholder leaves the company. Check out more lending agreementtemplates available here. A
shareholder agreement should include the following information:The shareholders informationResponsibilities and Rights of ShareholdersShare Transfer RestrictionsConfidentiality and Dispute ResolutionFinancial Responsibilities of ShareholdersDistribution of Dividends Exit Strategy When a shareholder agreement is breached, shareholders who
suffered damages because of the breaching shareholder can have a claim for breach of contract, and the violating shareholders voting rights can be suspended. The non-breaching shareholders can also ask for the recovery of monetary damages. You can take a look at these exchange agreementtemplates provided here. The rights possessed by
shareholders are as follows:Voting PowerOwnership in a Portion of the CompanyRight to Transfer OwnershipAn Entitlement to DividendsRight to Inspect Corporate DocumentsRight to Sue for Wrongful Acts. #1 Rated Online Provider of Finance and Banking Training Certifications Specializations FMVA BIDA CBCA CMSA FPWMP FTIP FP&A ESG
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Visualization Monthly Cash Flow Modeling Monthly Cash Flow Modeling Provides a through coverage of all products in the Capital Markets universe with the ability to dig down further in need. The epitome of practical financial analysis and with it, you do not need years of practice to know the content. Self-learning online format worked well and
allowed learning at my own pace. I wish I had taken this course years ago. Thoroughly recommended for anyone. How MSH used CFI to Fuel 40% YoY growth How CFIs training boosted financial modeling skills and organizational impact at YoungMinds UK I wish I had taken this training 10 years ago. After taking these courses, I feel more confident
in analysing financial statements. I also feel like my models are more auditable and easier to follow. Axos Banks internship program revamp: Boosting skills and motivation With CFI I am recommending corporate finance institute for everyone who are financial professionals. The course content is very practical and closely resonates with the real-world
work we do. CFI has the best delivery mode of difficult topics in Finance. SilverChef and CFI: A story of profitability Sarh International uses CFI to give learners the experience they want and employers the skills they need. CFI has a large catalogue of courses that are well organized and thorough. Makes it easy for me to dive into multiple topics,
instead of trying to piece together learning materials. Provides the BEST educational experience. Even though I don't come from or work directly in Finance, I feel the overall learning through CFI turned out to be a great asset for me. Helped me grow in my career and added immense value to my CV. I have a much better understanding of the
fundamentals and practical knowledge. Join a network of experts to support your learning journey, access exclusive resources, and professional development opportunities. Unlock hundreds of ready-to-use templates, cheat sheets, guides, and discounts on must-have finance tools to boost your skills and productivity. Get personalized advice, resume
reviews, cover letter support, and access to a vast library of resources. Our experts are committed to your career success, ensuring you grow and thrive professionally. The shareholder agreement helps protect the interests of current shareholders from cases of abuse by future management. If there is new management or the company is acquired by
another entity, the agreement helps safeguard certain decisions such as dividend distribution and issuing of new stock or debt.Some of the issues covered in the shareholder agreement include dealing with shareholders issues, corporate distributions, the management team of the company and limitation on authority, rights of minority shareholders,
valuation of shares, voting of shares of stock, restrictions on the transfer of shares, allotment of additional shares, etc. The agreement protects shareholders, and it can be used as a reference document if there are disputes in the future. Minority shareholders lack voting control of the company, and in the absence of a shareholder agreement, these
shareholders will exert minimal influence in the running of the company. Key management decisions can be made by the few controlling shareholders who own more than 50% of the company, and they may not consider input from the minority shareholders.Even if the articles of association protect the minority owners, the provisions can often be
altered through special resolutions approved by the majority shareholders. The shareholder agreement may address these loopholes by requiring that key company decisions be approved by all shareholders regardless of their voting power.Such rules limit the ability of the majority shareholders to overrule minority shareholders when making certain
decisions, such as the issue of new shares, taking new debts, and the appointment and removal of directors, etc. Apart from protecting the minority shareholders, the shareholder agreement may also protect the majority shareholders where minority shareholders are uncooperative. For example, majority shareholders may require the inclusion of a
drag-along provision that allows them to sell part or all of the shares at a specific time and price even if the minority shareholders are unwilling to agree on the transaction.Also, the shareholder agreement may include a clause that prevents minority shareholders from transferring their shares to a competitor or other party that majority shareholders
do not want to get involved in the company. The agreement should also define rules on the sale and transfer of shares, who can purchase shares, the terms and prices, etc. The contents of a shareholder agreement may vary across companies. Some of the contents of a shareholder agreement include:1. PartiesThe first section of a shareholder
agreement identifies the corporation as one party that is different from the shareholders (another party).2. Board of Directors and Board meetingsThe shareholder agreement describes the role of the board of directors in the company and the requirement that decisions of the board should be approved by the majority. It also states how frequently the
board of directors should hold meetings and how directors are selected and replaced.3. Reserved MattersThe shareholder agreement should set out issues that cannot be passed without getting the approval of all signatories, not just majority support. By creating a list of reserved matters, all shareholders are given the chance to vet certain
transactions to determine if they are prejudicial to their investment.Some of the commonly reserved matters include changing share capital, acquiring or disposing of certain assets, taking on new debt, paying dividends, and changing the articles of association and memorandum.4. Shareholder Information and MeetingsThe shareholder agreement
should include a requirement that shareholders are entitled to regular updates on the companys performance through quarterly reports and an annual report. It should state the specific period when the reports should be sent out to shareholders. The agreement should also state when shareholder meetings will be held and the time, date, and venue of
the meetings.5. Share Capital and Share TransfersThe shareholder agreement should record the corporations share capital at the date when it is signed. Since changing share capital is one of the reserved matters, the directors are prohibited from issuing new shares or changing existing shares into a new share class without the signatories approving
the changes.The shareholder agreement also contains provisions relating to share transfer, such as preventing share transfer to unwanted parties, transferring shares to a new party, what happens if a director or shareholder dies, as well as drag and tag provisions.6. Amendment and TerminationThe process of amending or terminating the
shareholder agreement should be provided in the agreement. For example, the shareholder agreement may be terminated upon the dissolution of the company, based on a written agreement, or after the lapse of a specific number of years from the date of the agreement.More ResourcesCFI is the official provider of the Financial Modeling & Valuation
Analyst (FMVA)certification program, designed to transform anyone into a world-class financial analyst.In order to help you become a world-class financial analyst and advance your career to your fullest potential, the following additional resources will be very helpful: The Shareholder Agreement Template is a document that outlines the rights and
responsibilities of shareholders within a corporation. It serves as a formal agreement between shareholders to establish rules for ownership, management, decision-making, and dispute resolution. 2) What is the shareholder agreement template used for? The Shareholder Agreement Template is used to protect the interests of shareholders and ensure
smooth operations within the company. It helps clarify expectations, prevent conflicts, and provide a clear framework for decision-making and governance. 3) Who can benefit from the shareholder agreement template? Shareholders, directors, and officers of a corporation can benefit from the Shareholder Agreement Template. It provides clarity on
ownership rights, voting procedures, profit distribution, and other key aspects of corporate governance. 4) How can you create the shareholder agreement template on Jotform? You can easily create the Shareholder Agreement Template on Jotform by selecting the Shareholder Agreement template from the template library, customizing it with the
drag-and-drop builder, and sharing it with all parties involved for e-signatures. 5) What are the key components that should be included in the shareholder agreement template? Key components of the Shareholder Agreement Template include shareholder rights and responsibilities, voting procedures, profit distribution, management structure,
dispute resolution mechanisms, and provisions for transfer of shares. 6) How does the shareholder agreement template work? The Shareholder Agreement Template works by providing a clear framework for shareholders to govern their relationship within the corporation. It helps establish expectations, rights, and responsibilities to ensure smooth
operations and prevent conflicts. 7) Can I customize the shareholder agreement template to match my branding? Yes, you can customize the Shareholder Agreement Template on Jotform to match your branding by adding your company logo, colors, and other branding elements using the drag-and-drop builder. 8) How do I edit or update the
shareholder agreement template? You can easily edit or update the Shareholder Agreement Template on Jotform by accessing the document, making the necessary changes using the drag-and-drop builder, and saving the updated version for future use. Since 1919, Hart Brown has been trusted by clients to look after their very best interests,
providing individuals and businesses with the legal advice and representation that they need.With 5 carefully located offices across Surrey, in Guildford, Godalming, Cranleigh, Cobham and Woking, wherever you live or work within Surrey or the surrounding areas, there is a Hart Brown office nearby.Is Hart Brown the right choice for you?Yes, if you
are looking for:A law firm that is committed to outstanding client service. During 2024, we asked each of our clients whether they would recommend us to others. We asked for a score out of 10 and we are delighted to say our clients gave us an average score of 9.4/10.Renowned expertise. Everyone at Hart Brown prides themselves on offering clients
the highest level of legal expertise, with an unwavering desire to get you the best result possible. Have you noticed that 3 of our departments, Personal Injury, Clinical Negligence and Commercial Property, are all ranked in the Legal 500 (2025 edition)?We are also immensely proud to have been voted Surreys Property Law Firm of the Year for two
years in a row (2024 and 2023) at the Surrey Property Awards. This is a testament to the expertise and high standards of service demonstrated by everyone in our Residential Property, Commercial Property and Property Disputes teams.Recommendations and reviews that you can trust. Why not take a look at what our clients say about us by clicking
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Venetian diplomat and writer. He entered the Great Council of Venice at the age of twenty, five years younger than was normal at the time. He edited manuscripts at the Aldine Press, garnering a reputation as a scholar and a highly skilled writer. In 1515, he was appointed the official historian of the Republic of Venice as well as the caretaker of a
library containing the collection of the scholar Bessarion. Navagero was named the Venetian ambassador to Spain in 1523 and navigated the volatile diplomatic climate caused by the conflict between CharlesV of Spain and FrancisI of France. By the time Navagero arrived back in Venice in 1528, he had grown disillusioned with politics and wished to
return to editing manuscripts and cultivating his prized gardens. Much to his dismay, he was appointed ambassador to France in January 1529. After traveling to meet with FrancisI, he fell ill and died that May. (Fullarticle...)Recently featured: Nosy KombaMcDonnell Douglas Phantom in UK serviceTransportation during the 2024 Summer Olympics
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Premier League title.In motor racing, lex Palou wins the Indianapolis 500.In basketball, the EuroLeague concludes with Fenerbahe winning the Final Four Playoff.Ongoing: Gaza warM23 campaignRussian invasion of UkrainetimelineSudanese civil wartimelineRecent deaths: Phil RobertsonMary K. GaillardPeter DavidAlan YentobGerry
ConnollySebastio SalgadoNominate an articleMay 29: Feast day of Saint PaulVI (Catholicism)Headline in the New York Times1233 MongolJin War: The Mongols entered and began looting Kaifeng, the capital of the Jin dynasty of China, after a 13-month siege.1416 A squadron of the Venetian navy captured many Ottoman ships at the Battle of
Gallipoli, confirming Venetian naval superiority in the Aegean Sea for the next few decades.1913 During the premiere of the ballet Le Sacre du printemps by Igor Stravinsky at the Thtre des Champs-lyses in Paris, the avant-garde nature of the music and choreography caused a near-riot in the audience (report pictured).1999 Charlotte Perrelli,
representing Sweden, won the Eurovision Song Contest, the first edition not to feature an orchestra or live accompaniment.2011 Residents of Portland, Oregon, held a rally called Hands Across Hawthorne in response to an attack against a gay couple holding hands while crossing the Hawthorne Bridge.Benedetto Pistrucci (b.1783)G.K. Chesterton
(b.1874)Hubert Opperman (b.1904)Uro Drenovi (d.1944)More anniversaries: May 28May 29May 30ArchiveBy emailList of days of the yearAboutThe Australian white ibis (Threskiornis molucca) is a wading bird of the ibis family, Threskiornithidae. It is widespread across much of Australia, and has a predominantly white plumage with a bare, black
head, long downcurved bill, and black legs. While it is closely related to the African sacred ibis, the Australian white ibis is a native Australian bird. Due to its increasing presence in the urban environment and its habit of rummaging in garbage, the species has acquired a variety of colloquial names such as "tip turkey" and "bin chicken". This
Australian white ibis was photographed at the Royal Botanic Garden, Sydney.Photograph credit: Charles J. SharpRecently featured: Hell Gate BridgeAnemonoides blandaBluespotted ribbontail rayArchiveMore featured picturesCommunity portal The central hub for editors, with resources, links, tasks, and announcements.Village pump Forum for
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calendar11541155Bengali calendar639640Berber calendar2183English Regnal year17Hen.318Hen.3Buddhist calendar1777Burmese calendar595Byzantine calendar67416742Chinese calendar (WaterDragon)3930 or 3723to (WaterSnake)3931 or 3724Coptic calendar949950Discordian calendar2399Ethiopian calendar12251226Hebrew
calendar49934994Hindu calendars- Vikram Samvat12891290- Shaka Samvat11541155- Kali Yuga43334334Holocene calendar11233Igbo calendar233234Iranian calendar611612Islamic calendar630631Japanese calendarJei 2 / Tenpuku 1()Javanese calendar11421143Julian calendar1233MCCXXXIIIKorean calendar3566Minguo calendar679 before
ROC679Nanakshahi calendar235Thai solar calendar17751776Tibetan calendar(male Water-Dragon)1359 or 978 or 206to(female Water-Snake)1360 or 979 or 207 Henry I of Cyprus receives a messageYear 1233 (MCCXXXIII) was a common year starting on Saturday of the Julian calendar.War of the Lombards: Lombard forces at Kyrenia surrender to
John of Beirut, after a 10-month siege. The defenders, with their personal belongings, are allowed to retire to Tyre. Captured prisoners are exchanged for those held by Richard Filangieri, commander of the Lombards, at Tyre. Cyprus is wholly restored under the rule of the 16-year-old King Henry I ("the Fat"). His vassals are rewarded, and loans that
they have made are repaid.[1]August 20 Oath of Bereg: King Andrew II of Hungary vows to the Holy See that he will not employ Jews and Muslims to administer royal revenues, which causes diplomatic complaints and ecclesiastical censures.[2]Winter Reconquista: King Ferdinand III of Castile ("the Saint") conquers the cities of Trujillo and beda. The
Castilian army besieges the city of Peniscola. Ferdinand forces Ibn Hud, ruler of the Taifa of Zaragoza, to sign a truce.[3]August Richard Marshal, 3rd Earl of Pembroke, signs an alliance with Llywelyn the Great, to join forces to revolt against King Henry III. Richard is faced by demands from royal bailiffs in September where the garrison of Usk
Castle is forced to surrender.November Henry III's army camped at Grosmont Castle is attacked in the night, by a force of Welsh and English rebels. Several of Henry's supporters are captured, and the castle is returned to Hubert de Burgh, one of the rebels.May 29 MongolJin War: The Mongol army led by gedei Khan captures Kaifeng, capital of the
Jin dynasty ('Great Jin'), after the 13-month Siege of Kaifeng (1232). The Mongols plunder the city, while Emperor Aizong of Jin flees for the town of Caizhou. Meanwhile, gedei departs and leaves the final conquest to his favoured general, Subutai.December Siege of Caizhou: The Mongols under gedei Khan besiege Caizhou and ally themselves with
the Chinese Song dynasty to eliminate the Jin Dynasty.Gendt receives its city rights from Otto II ("the Lame"), count of Guelders (modern Netherlands).Pope Gregory IX establishes the Papal Inquisition, to regularize the persecution of heresy.June/July Ibn Manzur, Arab lexicographer and writer (d. 1312)August 15 Philip Benizi de Damiani, Italian
religious leader (d. 1285)October Al-Nawawi, Syrian scholar, jurist and writer (d. 1277)Adelaide of Burgundy, duchess of Brabant (d. 1273)Choe Ui, Korean military leader and dictator (d. 1258)Ibn al-Quff, Ayyubid physician and surgeon (d. 1286)Sancho of Castile, archbishop of Toledo (d. 1261)January 6 Matilda of Chester, Countess of Huntingdon
(or Maud), English noblewoman (b. 1171)January 18 Yang (or Gongsheng), Chinese empress (b. 1162)February 12 Ermengarde de Beaumont, queen of ScotlandMarch 1 Thomas I (or Tommaso), count of Savoy (b. 1178)May Simon of Joinville, French nobleman and knight (b. 1175)June Yolanda de Courtenay, queen consort of HungaryJuly 8 Konoe
Motomichi, Japanese nobleman (b. 1160)July 26 Wilbrand of Oldenburg, prince-bishop of UtrechtJuly 27 Ferdinand (or Ferrand), count of Flanders (b. 1188)July 29 Savari de Maulon, French nobleman (b. 1181)July 30 Konrad von Marburg, German priest (b. 1180)October 8 Ugo Canefri, Italian health worker (b. 1148)October 22 Fujiwara no Shunshi,
Japanese empress consort (b. 1209)November 22 Helena, duchess of Brunswick-LneburgNovember 27 Shi Miyuan, Chinese politician (b. 1164)Ibn al-Athir, Seljuk historian and biographer (b. 1160)Bertran de Born lo Filhs, French troubadour (b. 1179)Bohemond IV ("the One-Eyed"), prince of Antioch (b. 1175)Gkbri ("Blue-Wolf"), Ayyubid general and
ruler (b. 1154)Guilln Prez de Guzmn, Spanish nobleman (b. 1180)John Apokaukos, Byzantine bishop and theologianMathilde of Angoulme, French noblewoman (b. 1181)Sayf al-Din al-Amidi, Ayyubid scholar and jurist (b. 1156)William Comyn, Scoto-Norman nobleman (b. 1163)^ Steven Runciman (1952). A History of The Crusades. Vol III: The
Kingdom of Acre, pp. 169170. ISBN978-0-241-29877-0.^ Berend, Nora (2001). At the Gate of Christendom: Jews, Muslims and "Pagans" in Medieval Hungary, c. 1000-c.1300. Cambridge University Press. p.158. ISBN978-0-521-02720-5.^ Lourie, Elena (2004). Jews, Muslims, and Christians in and around the Crown of Aragon: essays in honour of
Professor Elena Lourie. Brill. p.270. ISBN90-04-12951-0.[permanent dead link]Retrieved from " 3One hundred years, from 1101 to 1200See also: Renaissance of the 12th centuryMillennia2ndmillenniumCenturies11thcentury12thcentury13thcenturyTimelines11thcentury12thcentury13thcenturyState
leaders11thcentury12thcentury13thcenturyDecades1100s1110s1120s1130s1140s1150s1160s1170s1180s1190sCategories:Births Deaths Establishments DisestablishmentsvteEastern Hemisphere at the beginning of the 12th centuryThe 12th century is the period from 1101 to 1200 in accordance with the Julian calendar. In the history of European
culture, this period is considered part of the High Middle Ages and overlaps with what is often called the "'Golden Age' of the Cistercians". The Golden Age of Islam experienced significant development, particularly in Islamic Spain.In Song dynasty China, an invasion by Jurchens caused a political schism of north and south. The Khmer Empire of
Cambodia flourished during this century, while the Fatimids of Egypt were overtaken by the Ayyubid dynasty. Following the expansions of the Ghaznavids and Ghurid Empire, the Muslim conquests in the Indian subcontinent took place at the end of the century.The Ghurid Empire converted to Islam from Buddhism.1101: In July, the Treaty of Alton is
signed between Henry I of England and his older brother Robert, Duke of Normandy in which Robert agrees to recognize Henry as king of England in exchange for a yearly stipend and other concessions. The agreement temporarily ends a crisis in the succession of the Anglo-Norman kings.11011103: David the Builder takes over Kakheti and Hereti
(now parts of Georgia).1102: King Coloman unites Hungary and Croatia under the Hungarian Crown.1102: Muslims conquer Seoro de Valencia.11031104: A church council is convened by King David the Builder in Urbnisi to reorganize the Georgian Orthodox Church.1104: In the Battle of Ertsukhi, King David the Builder defeats an army of
Seljuks.1104: King Jayawarsa of Kadiri (on Java) ascends to the throne.[citation needed]1106: Battle of Tinchebray.11071111: Sigurd I of Norway becomes the first Norwegian king to embark on a crusade to the Holy Land. He fights in Lisbon and on various Mediterranean isles and helps the King of Jerusalem to take Sidon from the Muslims.1108: By
the Treaty of Devol, signed in September, Bohemond I of Antioch has to submit to the Byzantine Empire, becoming the vassal of Alexius I.1109: On June 10, Bertrand of Toulouse captures the County of Tripoli (northern Lebanon/western Syria).1109: In the Battle of Nako, Boleslaus III Wrymouth defeats the Pomeranians and re-establishes Polish
access to the sea.1109: On August 24, in the Battle of Hundsfeld, Boleslaus III Wrymouth defeats Emperor Henry V of Germany and stops German expansion eastward.1111: On April 14, during Henry V's first expedition to Rome, he is crowned Holy Roman Emperor.1113: Paramavishnulok is crowned as King Suryavarman II in Cambodia. He expands
the Khmer Empire and builds Angkor Wat during the first half of the century. He establishes diplomatic relations with China.1115: The Georgian army occupies Rustavi in the war with the Muslims.1115: In Java, King Kamesvara of Kadiri ascends to the throne. Janggala ceases to exist and comes under Kadiri domination, highly possible under royal
marriage. During his reign, Mpu Dharmaja writes Kakawin Smaradahana, a eulogy for the king which become the inspiration for the Panji cycle tales, which spread across Southeast Asia.[1]1116: The Byzantine army defeats the Turks at Philomelion.1116: Death of doa Jimena Daz, governor of Valencia from 1099 to 1102.c. 1119: The Knights Templar
are founded to protect Christian pilgrims in Jerusalem.A Black and White Photo of the 12th century Cuenca Cathedral (built from 1182 to 1270) in Cuenca, Spain1120: On January 16, the Council of Nablus, a council of ecclesiastic and secular lords in the crusader Kingdom of Jerusalem, establishes the first written laws for the kingdom.1120: On
November 25, William Adelin, the only legitimate son of King Henry I of England, drowns in the White Ship Disaster, leading to a succession crisis which will bring down the Norman monarchy of England.1121: On August 12, in the Battle of Didgori, the greatest military victory in Georgian history, King David the Builder with 45,000 Georgians,
15,000 Kipchak auxiliaries, 500 Alan mercenaries and 100 French Crusaders defeats a much larger Seljuk-led Muslim coalition army.1121: On December 25, St. Norbert and 29 companions make their solemn vows in Premontre, France, establishing the Premonstratensian Order.1122: The Battle of Beroia (Modern-day Stara Zagora, Bulgaria) results
in the disappearance of the Pechenegs Turkish tribe as an independent force.1122: On September 23, the Concordat of Worms (Pactum Calixtinum) is drawn up between Emperor Henry V and Pope Calixtus II bringing an end to the first phase of the power struggle between the papacy and the Holy Roman Empire.1122: King David the Builder
captures Tbilisi and declares it the capital city of Georgia, ending 400 years of Arab rule.1123: The Jurchen dynasty of China forces Koryo (now Korea) to recognize their suzerainty.1124: In April or May, David I is crowned King of the Scots.1125: On June 11, in the Battle of Azaz, the Crusader states, led by King Baldwin II of Jerusalem, defeat the
Seljuk Turks.1125: In November, the Jurchens of the Jin dynasty declare war on the Song dynasty, beginning the JinSong wars.1125: Lothair of Supplinburg, duke of Saxony, is elected Holy Roman Emperor instead of the nearest heir, Frederick of Swabia, beginning the great struggle between Guelphs and Ghibellines.1127: The Northern Song dynasty
loses power over northern China to the Jin dynasty.1128: On June 24, the Kingdom of Portugal gains independence from the Kingdom of Len at the Battle of So Mamede; (recognised by Len in 1143).The temple complex of Angkor Wat, built during the reign of Suryavarman II in Cambodia of the Khmer Era.11301180: 50-year drought in what is now
the American Southwest.11301138: Papal schism, Pope Innocent II vs. Antipope Anacletus II.1130: On March 26, Sigurd I of Norway dies. A golden era of 95 years comes to an end for Norway as civil wars between the members of Harald Fairhair's family line rage for the remainder of the century.1130: On Christmas Day, Roger II is crowned King of
Sicily, the royal title being bestowed on him by Antipope Anacletus II.1132: The Southern Song dynasty establishes China's first permanent standing navy, although China had a long naval history prior. The main admiral's office is at the port of Dinghai.11321183: the Chinese navy increases from a mere 3,000 to 52,000 marine soldiers stationed in 20
different squadrons. During this time, hundreds of treadmill-operated paddle wheel craft are assembled for the navy to fight the Jin dynasty in the north.1135: King Jayabaya of Kadiri ascends to the throne.[2]11351154: The Anarchy takes place, during a period of civil war in England.1136: Suger begins rebuilding the abbey church at St Denis north
of Paris, which is regarded as the first major Gothic building.1137: On July 22, the future King Louis VII of France marries Eleanor, the Duchess of Aquitaine.1138: On October 11, the 1138 Aleppo earthquake devastates much of northern Syria.1139: in April, the Second Lateran Council ends the papal schism.1139: On July 5, in the Treaty of Mignano,
Pope Innocent II confirms Roger II as King of Sicily, Duke of Apulia, and Prince of Capua and invests him with his titles.1139: On July 25, the Portuguese defeat the Almoravids led by Ali ibn Yusuf in the Battle of Ourique; Prince Afonso Henriques is acclaimed King of Portugal by his soldiers.Averroes in a 14th-century painting by Andrea di
Bonaiuto11401150: Collapse of the Ancestral Puebloan culture at Chaco Canyon (modern-day New Mexico).1141: The Treaty of Shaoxing ends the conflict between the Jin dynasty and Southern Song dynasty, legally establishing the boundaries of the two countries and forcing the Song dynasty to renounce all claims to its former territories north of
the Huai River. The treaty reduces the Southern Song into a quasi-tributary state of the Jurchen Jin dynasty.1143: Manuel I Komnenos is crowned as Byzantine emperor after the death of John II Komnenos.1143: Afonso Henriques is proclaimed King of Portugal by the cortes.1143: The Treaty of Zamora recognizes Portuguese independence from the
Kingdom of Len. Portugal also recognizes the suzerainty of the pope.1144: On December 24, Edessa falls to the Atabeg Zengi.11451148: The Second Crusade is launched in response to the fall of the County of Edessa.1147: On October 25, the four-month-long Siege of Lisbon successfully brings the city under definitive Portuguese control, expelling
the Moorish overlords.1147: A new Berber dynasty, the Almohads, led by Emir Abd al-Mu'min, takes North Africa from the Almoravides and soon invades the Iberian Peninsula. The Almohads began as a religious movement to rid Islam of impurities.1147: The Wendish Crusade against the Polabian Slavs (or "Wends") in what is now northern and
eastern Germany.1150: Ramon Berenguer IV, Count of Barcelona marries Petronilla, the Queen of Aragon.1151: The Treaty of Tudiln is signed by Alfonso VII of Len and Raymond Berengar IV, Count of Barcelona, recognizing the Aragonese conquests south of the Jcar and the right to expand in and annex the Kingdom of Murcia.1153: The Treaty of
Wallingford, ends the civil war between Empress Matilda and her cousin King Stephen of England fought over the English crown. Stephen acknowledges Matilda's son Henry of Anjou as heir.1153: The First Treaty of Constance is signed between Emperor Frederick I and Pope Eugene III, by the terms of which, the emperor is to prevent any action by
Manuel I Comnenus to reestablish the Byzantine Empire on Italian soil and to assist the pope against his enemies in revolt in Rome.1154: the Moroccan-born Muslim geographer Muhammad al-Idrisi publishes his Geography.1154: On December 27, Henry II is crowned King of England at Westminster Abbey.1155: Pope Adrian IV grants overlordship of
Ireland to Henry II of England in the bull Laudabiliter.1156: On June 18, the Treaty of Benevento is entered into by Pope Adrian IV and the Norman Kingdom of Sicily. After years of turbulent relations, the popes finally settles down to peace with the Hauteville kings. The kingship of William I is recognized over all Sicily, Apulia, Calabria, Campania,
and Capua. The tribute to the pope of 600 schifati agreed upon by Roger II in 1139 at Mignano is affirmed and another 400 shift is added for the new lands.1158: The Treaty of Sahagn ends the war between Castile and Len.The Liuhe Pagoda of Hangzhou, China, 11651161: the Song dynasty Chinese navy, employing gunpowder bombs launched from
trebuchets, defeats the enormous Jin dynasty navy in the East China Sea in the Battle of Tangdao and on the Yangtze River in the Battle of Caishi.1161: Kilij Arslan II, Sultan of Rum, makes peace with the Byzantine Empire, recognizing the emperor's primacy.1161: In the siege of Ani, troops from the Kingdom of Georgia take control over the city, only
to have it sold for the second time to the Shaddadids, a Kurdish dynasty.1162: Genghis Khan, the founder of the Mongol Empire, is born as Temjin in present-day Mongolia.1163: The Norwegian Law of Succession takes effect.11651182: Tensions and disputes between the Pagan Empire and the Kingdom of Polonnaruwa causes the Sinhalese under
Parakramabahu the Great to raid Burma.1168: King Valdemar I of Denmark conquers Arkona on the Island of Rgen, the strongest pagan fortress and temple in northern Europe.1169: Political disputes within the Pandya Empire sparks the decade-long Pandyan Civil War.1169: On May 1, the Norman invasion of Ireland begins. Richard fitzGilbert de
Clare ('Strongbow') allies with the exiled Irish chief, Dermot MacMurrough, to help him recover his kingdom of Leinster.The defense of the Carroccio during the battle of Legnano (1176) by Amos Cassioli (18321891)1170: The Treaty of Sahagn is signed by Alfonso VIII of Castile and Alfonso II of Aragon. Based on the terms of the accord, Alfonso VIII
agrees to provide Alfonso II with three hostages, to be used as tribute payments owed by Ibn Mardan of Valencia and Murcia.1170: On December 29, Thomas Becket is murdered in Canterbury Cathedral.1171: Saladin deposes the last Fatimid Caliph Al-'id and establishes the Ayyubid dynasty.1171: On November 11, Henry II of England lands in
Ireland to assert his claim as Lord of Ireland.1172: The Pandyan city of Madurai is sacked by the Sinhalese army due to an attempt to drive off the rival throne claimant, Kulasekara Pandyan.1173: Sinhalese king Parakramabahu the Great gains a decisive victory by invading the Chola Empire as an ally of the Pandyas in the Pandyan Civil War.1174: On
July 12, William I of Scotland is captured by the English in the Battle of Alnwick. He accepts the feudal overlordship of the English crown and pays ceremonial allegiance at York.1175: Hnen Shnin (Genk) founds the Jdo sh (Pure Land) sect of Buddhism.1175: The Treaty of Windsor is signed by King Henry II of England and the High King of Ireland,
Ruaidr Ua Conchobair.1176: On May 29, Frederick Barbarossa's forces are defeated in the Battle of Legnano by the Lombard League which results in the emperor's acknowledgment of the pope's sovereignty over the Papal States and Alexander acknowledging the emperor's overlordship of the imperial Church.1176: On September 17, The Battle of
Myriokephalon (Myriocephalum; Turkish: Miryakefalon Sava) is fought between the Byzantine Empire and the Seljuk Turks in Phrygia. It is a serious reversal for the Byzantine forces and will be the final, unsuccessful, effort by the Byzantines to recover the interior of Anatolia from the Seljuk Turks.1177: The Treaty or Peace of Venice is signed by the
papacy and its allies, and Frederick I, Holy Roman Emperor. The Norman Kingdom of Sicily also participates in negotiations and the treaty thereby determines the political course of all of Italy for the next several years.1178: Chinese writer Zhou Qufei, a Guangzhou customs officer, writes of an island far west in the Indian Ocean (possibly
Madagascar), from where people with skin "as black as lacquer" and with frizzy hair were captured and purchased as slaves by Arab merchants.1179: The Treaty of Cazola (Cazorla) is signed by Alfonso II of Aragon and Alfonso VIII of Castile, dividing Andalusia into separate zones of conquest for the two kingdoms, so that the work of the Reconquista
would not be stymied by internecine feuding.1180: The Portuguese Navy defeats a Muslim fleet off the coast of Cape Espichel.11801185: the Genpei War in Japan.1181: Parakramabahu the Great conducts a large-scale raid on Burma, after a ship transporting a Sinhalese princess to the Khmer Empire is attacked by Burmese naval fleets.1182:
Religious reformations of Theravada Buddhism in Pagan Burma under the patronage of Narapatisithu are continued with the end of the Polonnaruwa-Pagan War.1182: Revolt of the people of Constantinople against the Latins, whom they massacre, proclaiming Andronicus I Comnenus as co-emperor.1183: On January 25, the final Peace of Constance
between Frederick Barbarossa, the pope and the Lombard towns is signed, confirming the Peace of Venice of 1177.1183: On September 24, Andronicus I Comnenus has his nephew Alexius II Comnenus strangled.1184: On March 24, Queen Tamar, King of Georgia, accedes to the throne as sole ruler after reigning with her father, George III, for six
years.1184: Diet of Pentecost organised by Emperor Frederick I in Mainz.1185: The Uprising of Asen and Peter against the Byzantine Empire leads to the restoration of the Bulgarian Empire.1185: Andronicus I Comnenus is deposed and, on September 12, executed as a result of the Norman massacre of the Greeks of Thessalonika.1185: The cathedral
school (Katedralskolan) in Lund, Sweden, is founded. The school is the oldest in northern Europe and one of the oldest in all of Europe.1185: Beginning in this year the Kamakura shogunate deprives the emperor of Japan of political power.1186: On January 27, the future Holy Roman Emperor Henry VI marries Constance of Sicily, the heiress to the
Sicilian throne.1187: On July 4, in the Battle of Hattin, Saladin defeats the king of Jerusalem.1187: In August, the Swedish royal and commercial center Sigtuna is attacked by raiders from Karelia, Couronia, and/or Estonia.[3]1188: The Riah were introduced into the Habt and south of Tetouan by the Almohad caliph, Abu Yusuf Yaqub al-Mansur, and
Jochem and Acem were introduced in Tamesna.[4]1189: On September 3, Richard I is crowned King of England at Westminster.1189: On November 11, William II of Sicily dies and is succeeded by his illegitimate cousin Tancred, Count of Lecce instead of Constance.11891192: The Third Crusade is an attempt by European leaders to wrest the Holy
Land from Saladin.Richard I of England, or Richard the Lionheart.1190: On June 10, Emperor Frederick Barbarossa drowns in the River Salef, leaving the Crusader army under the command of the rivals Philip II of France and Richard I of England, which ultimately leads to the dissolution of the army.1191: Holy Roman Emperor Henry VI attacked the
Kingdom of Sicily from May to August but fails and withdrawn, with Empress Constance captured (released 1192).1191: On September 7, Saladin is defeated by Richard I of England at the Battle of Arsuf.1192: In April, Isabella I begins her reign as Christian Queen of the Kingdom of Jerusalem1192: In the Battle of Jaffa, King Richard the Lionheart
defeats Saladin.1192: In June, the Treaty of Ramla is signed by Saladin and Richard Lionheart. Under the terms of the agreement, Jerusalem will remain under Muslim control. However, the city will be open to Christian pilgrims. The Latin Kingdom is reduced to a coastal strip that extends from Tyre to Jaffa.1192: Minamoto no Yoritomo is appointed
Sei-i Taishgun, "barbarian-subduing great general", shgun for short, the first military dictator to bear this title.1192: Sultan Shahbuddin Muhammad Ghori establishes the first Muslim empire in India for 14 years (11921206) by defeating Prithviraj Chauhan.1193: Nalanda, the great Indian Buddhist educational centre, is destroyed.1194: Emperor
Henry VI conquers the Kingdom of Sicily.1195: On June 16, the struggle of Shamqori. Georgian forces annihilate the army of Abu Baqar.1198: The brethren of the Crusader hospital in Acre are raised to a military order of knights, the Teutonic Knights, formally known as the Order of the Knights of the Hospital of St. Mary of the Teutons in
Jerusalem.1199: Pope Innocent III writes to Kaloyan, inviting him to unite the Bulgarian Church with the Roman Catholic Church.1200: Construction begins on the Grand Village of the Natchez near Natchez, Mississippi. This ceremonial center for the Natchez people is occupied and built until the early 17th century.[5]Eastern Hemisphere at the end
of the 12th centuryChina is under the Northern Song dynasty. Early in the century, Zhang Zeduan paints Along the River During the Qingming Festival. It will later end up in the Palace Museum, Beijing.In southeast Asia, there is conflict between the Khmer Empire and the Champa. Angkor Wat is built under the Hindu king Suryavarman II. By the end
of the century, the Buddhist Jayavarman VII becomes the ruler.Japan is in its Heian period. The Chj-jinbutsu-giga is made and attributed to Toba Sj. It ends up at the Kzan-ji, Kyoto.In Oceania, the Tui Tonga Empire expands to a much greater area.Europe undergoes the Renaissance of the 12th century. The blast furnace for the smelting of cast iron is
imported from China, appearing around Lapphyttan, Sweden, as early as 1150.Alexander Neckam is the first European to document the mariner's compass, first documented by Shen Kuo during the previous century.Christian humanism becomes a self-conscious philosophical tendency in Europe. Christianity is also introduced to Estonia, Finland, and
Karelia.The first medieval universities are founded. Pierre Abelard teaches.Middle English begins to develop, and literacy begins to spread outside the Church throughout Europe.[6] In addition, churchmen are increasingly willing to take on secular roles. By the end of the century, at least a third of England's bishops also act as royal judges in secular
matters.[7]The Ars antiqua period in the history of the medieval music of Western Europe begins.The earliest recorded miracle play is performed in Dunstable, England.Gothic architecture and trouvre music begin in France.During the middle of the century, the Cappella Palatina is built in Palermo, Sicily, and the Madrid Skylitzes manuscript
illustrates the Synopsis of Histories by John Skylitzes.Fire and plague insurance first become available in Iceland, and the first documented outbreaks of influenza there happens.The medieval state of Serbia is formed by Stefan Nemanja and then continued by the Nemanji dynasty.By the end of the century, both the Capetian dynasty and the House of
Anjou are relying primarily on mercenaries in their militaries. Paid soldiers are available year-round, unlike knights who expected certain periods off to maintain their manor lifestyles.[8]In India, Hoysala architecture reaches its peak.In the Middle East, the icon of Theotokos of Vladimir is painted probably in Constantinople. Everything but the faces
will later be retouched, and the icon will go to the Tretyakov Gallery of Moscow.The Georgian poet Shota Rustaveli composes his epic poem The Knight in the Panther's Skin.Shahab al-Din Suhrawardi founds his "school of illumination".In North Africa, the kasbah of Marrakesh is built, including the city gate Bab Agnaou and the Koutoubia mosque.In
sub-Saharan Africa, Kente cloth is first woven.In France, the first piedfort coins were minted.The city of Tula burns down, marking the end of the Toltec EmpireIn West Africa the Ife Empire is established.See also: Timeline of historic inventions 12th century1104: The Venice Arsenal of Venice, Italy, is founded. It employed some 16,000 people for the
mass production of sailing ships in large assembly lines, hundreds of years before the Industrial Revolution.1106: Finished building of Gelati.1107: The Chinese engineer Wu Deren combines the mechanical compass vehicle of the south-pointing chariot with the distance-measuring odometer device.1111: The Chinese Donglin Academy is
founded.1165: The Liuhe Pagoda of Hangzhou, China, is built.1170: The Roman Catholic notion of Purgatory is defined.[9]1185: First record of windmills.Wikimedia Commons has media related to 12th century.^ Soekmono, R, Drs., Pengantar Sejarah Kebudayaan Indonesia 2, 2nd ed. Penerbit Kanisius, Yogyakarta, 1973, 5th reprint edition in 1988
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(links | edit)Weregild (links | edit)Zanzibar (links | edit)20th century (links | edit)1040 (links | edit)15th century (links | edit)16th century (links | edit)17th century (links | edit)18th century (links | edit)14th century (links | edit)1st century (links | edit)13th century (links | edit)4th century (links | edit)11th century (links | edit)1282 (links | edit)7th
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