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Where creativity and problem-solving converge to shape the future of mathematics. The latest deepen your mathematical skills and elevate your degree with next-level knowledge and training through our new program. Explore the Certificate Our top-ranked programs are recognized year after year for their excellence. #7 ranking in Applied Math; also ranked 8th-best in Topology and 8th-best in Analysis (U.S. News & World Report) #13 ranking overall for Mathematics (U.S. News & World Report) 3 award-winning community outreach programs designed to engage teachers and students Upcoming Events Subjects include a brief review of elementary algebra; linear, quadratic, exponential, and logarithmic functions; polynomials; systems of linear equations; applications. Three lecture hours a week for one semester. May be counted toward degree in mathematics. Credit for Mathematics 301 may not be earned after a student has received credit for any calculus course with a grade of C- or better. Prerequisite: A passing score on the mathematics section of the Texas Higher Education Assessment (THEA) test (or an appropriate assessment test). M 302 (TCCN: MATH 1332). Introduction to Mathematics. Intended primarily for general liberal arts students seeking knowledge of the nature of mathematics as well as training in mathematical thinking and problem solving. Topics include number theory and probability; additional topics are chosen by the instructor. Three lecture hours a week for one semester. Mathematics 302 and 303F may not both be counted. A student may not earn credit for Mathematics 302 after having received credit for any calculus course. May not be counted toward a degree in the College of Natural Sciences. Prerequisite: Texas Success Initiative (TSI) exemption or a TSI Mathematics Assessment score of 350 or higher. M 303D (TCCN: MATH 1324). Applicable Mathematics. An entry-level course for the nontechnical student, dealing with some of the techniques that allow mathematics to be applied to a variety of problems. Topics include linear and quadratic equations, systems of linear equations, matrices, probability, statistics, exponential and logarithmic functions, and mathematics in finance. Three lecture hours a week for one semester. Mathematics 303D and 303F may not both be counted. A student may not earn credit for Mathematics 303D after having received credit for Mathematics 305G or any calculus course. May not be counted toward a degree in the College of Natural Sciences. Prerequisite: An appropriate score on the mathematics placement exam. M 303F. Mathematics of Investment. Simple and compound interest, equivalent rates, equivalent values, annuities, amortization, sinking funds, bonds, depreciation. Three lecture hours a week for one semester. Mathematics 302 and 303F may not both be counted; Mathematics 303D may not be counted. May not be counted toward the major requirement for the Bachelor of Arts, Plan I, degree with a major in mathematics or toward the Bachelor of Science in Mathematics degree. Prerequisite: Three units of high school mathematics at the level of Algebra II or higher. M 403C. Calculus of Business and Economics. Differential and integral calculus algebraic, logarithmic and exponential functions with applications. Three lecture hours and two discussion sessions a week for one semester. Prerequisite: A passing score may be counted; Mathematics 403K, 408C, 408N, 408R. May not be counted toward a degree in the College of Natural Sciences. Prerequisite: An appropriate score on the mathematics placement exam. M 403L. Calculus II for Business and Economics. Differential and integral calculus of functions of several variables with applications, infinite series, improper integrals; introductions to probability, differential equations, matrices, systems of linear equations, and linear programming. Three lecture hours and two discussion sessions a week for one semester. Mathematics 403L and 408L (or 308L) may not both be counted. May not be counted toward the major requirement for the Bachelor of Arts, Plan I, degree with a major in mathematics or toward the Bachelor of Science in Mathematics degree. Prerequisite: Mathematics 403K, 408C, 308L, or 408N with a grade of at least C-. M 305E. Analytic Geometry. Combines development of methods (including adequate treatment of theory) and acquisition of skills with applications. Three lecture hours a week for one semester. Mathematics 305E and 305K may not both be counted. Mathematics 305E and 305G may not both be counted toward the major requirement for the Bachelor of Arts, Plan I, degree with a major in Mathematics or towards the Bachelor of Science in Mathematics degree. Prerequisite: Mathematics 301. M 305G (TCCN: MATH 2312). Preparation for Calculus. Study of advanced functions and their graphs and applications, including exponential, logarithmic, and trigonometric functions. Introduction to rates, slopes, and derivatives. Three lecture hours a week for one semester. Mathematics 305G and any college-level trigonometry course may not both be counted. A student may not earn credit for Mathematics 305G after having received credit for any calculus course with a grade of at least C-. Mathematics 305G and 408R may not both be counted. May not be counted toward a degree in the College of Natural Sciences. Prerequisite: An appropriate score on the mathematics placement exam or Mathematics 305G with a grade of at least B-. M 408D. Sequences, Series, and Multivariable Calculus. Certain sections of this course are designated as advanced placement or honors sections; they are restricted to students who have scored well on the Advanced Placement Calculus BC exam or have the consent of the mathematics adviser. This is the second semester of the accelerated calculus sequence. The theory and applications of sequences and infinite series, including those involving functions of one variable, and an introduction to the theory and applications of differential and integral calculus of functions of several variables; subjects include methods of integration, parametric equations, sequences, infinite series, power series, functions of several variables, partial derivatives, and multiple integrals. Three lecture hours and two discussion hours a week for one semester. Only one of the following may be counted: Mathematics 403L, 408D, 408M (or 308M). Prerequisite: Mathematics 408C, 408L, or 408S with a grade of at least C-. M 408R (TCCN: MATH 2413). Differential Calculus. Introduction to the theory and applications of differential calculus of functions of one variable; topics include limits, continuity, differentiation, and the mean value theorem and its applications. Three lecture hours and two discussion hours a week for one semester. Only one of the following may be counted: Mathematics 403K, 408C, 408L, 408N, 408R. Prerequisite: An appropriate score on the mathematics placement exam or Mathematics 305G with a grade of at least B-. M 408R. Differential and Integral Calculus for Business. Focus on the key concepts of calculus. These include: using successive approximations to solve problems that cannot be solved directly (Euler's Method), tracking the rate at which quantities are changing (derivatives) using rates of change to find optimal solutions to real-world problems (max/min), computing bulk quantities by adding up the pieces (integration), and understanding functions of several variables and their applications. Problem solving is stressed. Only one of the following may be counted: Mathematics 403L, 408L (or 308L), 408E. Prerequisite: Mathematics 408C, 408K, or 408N with a grade of at least C-, or Mathematics 408R or 408D with a grade of at least B-. M 308M, 408M (TCCN: MATH 4415). Multivariable Calculus. Introduction to the theory and applications of differential and integral calculus of functions of several variables. Includes parametric equations, polar coordinates, vectors, vector calculus, functions of several variables, partial derivatives, gradients, and multiple integrals. For Mathematics 308M, three lecture hours a week for one semester; for 408M, three lecture hours and two discussion hours a week for one semester. Only one of the following may be counted: Mathematics 403L, 408D, 408M (or 308M). Prerequisite: Mathematics 408L or 408S with a grade of at least C-. M 408N (TCCN: MATH 2413). Differential Calculus for Science. Restricted to students in the College of Natural Sciences. Introduction to the theory of differential calculus of functions of one variable, and its application to the natural sciences. Subjects may include limits and differentiation, with applications to rates of change, extremes, graphing, and exponential growth and decay. Three lecture hours and two discussion hours a week for one semester. Only one of the following may be counted: Mathematics 403K, 408C, 408L, 408N, 408R. Prerequisite: An appropriate score on the mathematics placement exam or Mathematics 305G with a grade of at least B-. M 408Q. Differential and Integral Calculus for Business. Focus on the key concepts of calculus. These include: using successive approximations to solve problems that cannot be solved directly (Euler's Method), tracking the rate at which quantities are changing (derivatives) using rates of change to find optimal solutions to real-world problems (max/min), computing bulk quantities by adding up the pieces (integration), and understanding functions of several variables and their applications. Problem solving is stressed. Only one of the following may be counted: Mathematics 403L, 408L (or 308L), 408E. Prerequisite: Mathematics 408C, 408K, or 408N with a grade of at least C-, or Mathematics 408R or 408D with a grade of at least B-. M 308M, 408M (TCCN: MATH 4415). Multivariable Calculus. Introduction to the theory and applications of differential and integral calculus of functions of several variables. Includes parametric equations, polar coordinates, vectors, vector calculus, functions of several variables, partial derivatives, gradients, and multiple integrals. For Mathematics 308M, three lecture hours a week for one semester; for 408M, three lecture hours and two discussion hours a week for one semester. Only one of the following may be counted: Mathematics 403L, 408D, 408M (or 308M). Prerequisite: Mathematics 408L or 408S with a grade of at least C-. M 408N (TCCN: MATH 2413). Differential Calculus for Science. Restricted to students in the College of Natural Sciences. Introduction to the theory of differential calculus of functions of one variable, and its application to the natural sciences. Subjects may include limits and differentiation, with applications to rates of change, extremes, graphing, and exponential growth and decay. Three lecture hours and two discussion hours a week for one semester. Only one of the following may be counted: Mathematics 403K, 408C, 408L, 408N, 408R. Prerequisite: An appropriate score on the mathematics placement exam or Mathematics 305G with a grade of at least B-. M 408S (TCCN: MATH 2414). Integral Calculus for Science. Restricted to students in the College of Natural Sciences. Introduction to the theory of integral calculus of functions of one variable, and its applications to the natural sciences. Subjects may include integration and its application to area and volume, and transcendental functions, sequences, and series and their application to numerical methods. Three lecture hours and two discussion hours a week for one semester. Only one of the following may be counted: Mathematics 403L, 408L (or 308L), 408E. Prerequisite: Mathematics 408C, 408K, or 408N with a grade of at least C-. M 408S (TCCN: MATH 2414). Integral Calculus for Science. Restricted to students in the College of Natural Sciences. Introduction to the theory of integral calculus of functions of one variable, and its applications to the natural sciences. Subjects may include integration and its application to area and volume, and transcendental functions, sequences, and series and their application to numerical methods. Three lecture hours and two discussion hours a week for one semester. Only one of the following may be counted: Mathematics 403L, 408L (or 308L), 408E. Prerequisite: Mathematics 408C, 408K, or 408N with a grade of at least C-. M 110C, 210C, 310C, 410C. Conference Course. Supervised study in mathematics, with hours to be arranged. May be repeated for credit. Prerequisite: Written consent of instructor; forms are available in the department office or in the Mathematics, Physics, and Astronomy Advising Center. M 210E. Emerging Scholars Seminar. Restricted to students in the Emerging Scholars Program. Supplemental problem-solving laboratory for precalculus, calculus, or advanced calculus courses for students in the Emerging Scholars Program. Three or four laboratory hours a week for one semester. May be repeated for credit. Offered on the pass/fail basis only. M 310P. Modern Mathematics. Plan II. Restricted to Plan II students. Significant arithmetic and algebraic transformations. Problem solving is stressed. Only one of the following may be counted: Mathematics 403L, 408L (or 308L), 408E. Prerequisite: Mathematics 408C, 408K, or 408N with a grade of at least C-, or Mathematics 408R or 408D with a grade of at least B-. M 310Q. Modern Mathematics. Plan I. Restricted to Plan I students. Significant arithmetic and algebraic transformations. Problem solving is stressed. Only one of the following may be counted: Mathematics 403L, 408L (or 308L), 408E. Prerequisite: Mathematics 408C, 408K, or 408N with a grade of at least C-, or Mathematics 408R or 408D with a grade of at least B-. M 110Q, 210Q, 310Q, 410Q. Conference Course. Supervised study in mathematics, with hours to be arranged. May be repeated for credit. Prerequisite: Admission to candidacy for the doctoral degree. Professional Courses M 680. Mathematics undergraduates at UT Austin receive a broad training that incorporates principle ideas from the most significant research areas in the mathematical sciences. Mathematics is one of the fastest-growing majors, with applications for a variety of careers and areas of future study. The Bachelor of Science in Mathematics allows each student to choose among options and Mathematics emphasizes innovative quantitative skills and offers students an opportunity to assemble a slate of courses that, when coupled with strong academic records, will better prepare them for positions in high-tech, finance, health, government agencies, national laboratories or graduate study. This is Mathematics, Option 7. Students may also

opt for mathematics honors (Option 6), to specialize in teaching (Option 5), or for a B.A. or B.S.A. degree. Learn more about our undergraduate offerings Pathways for Mathematics Majors Math majors have options in designing their course of study, as well as the ability to pursue pathways. Pathways are courses grouped to teach students about a particular area of mathematics and build skills in that area. They are not listed on the degree itself (i.e., students graduate with a degree in Mathematics.) Pure Mathematics is suitable for students who intend to go to graduate school and continue their studies in pure mathematics. Applied Mathematics offers students an opportunity to assemble a slate of courses that, when coupled with strong academic records, will better prepare them for positions in high-tech, finance, health, government agencies, national laboratories or graduate study where innovative quantitative skills are required. This program focuses on algorithms, computation, modeling, numerical analysis, PDEs and theoretical statistics. Statistics and Probability is most suitable for math majors intending to go to graduate school to pursue a master's or Ph.D. in statistics, finance, economics, etc. Math majors who want to get a job in the field right away may have to take additional coding classes and some, if not most, classes from the Data Science Pathway. Data Science is revolutionizing every industry, every area of science and everyday life, and its foundation lies in mathematics. This pathway is suitable for mathematics majors who plan to enter the job market directly after completing their Bachelor of Science in Mathematics degree. Scientific Computation involves the study and advancement of computational methods and data analysis technique and integrates concepts and principles from mathematics with computer science and the various branches of science, engineering and medicine. This pathway is suitable for students who intend to pursue employment in a company using technical computing and those who seek to enroll in graduate school to continue their studies in scientific computing and numerical analysis. Actuarial Science: Most students wishing to enter the actuarial profession choose this pathway. Get a sense for some of the courses that many of our majors take below. A more complete list for each catalog may be found when you search for your degree option by the year of entry or catalog. Natural Sciences students declare a degree and a major after receiving passing grades in key courses. For mathematics, these are typically: Differential and Integral Calculus (M 408C) / Sequence, Series, and Multivariable Calculus (M 408D) or Differential Calculus for Science (M 408N) and Integral Calculus for Science (M 408S) Students take additional courses in math and other disciplines, such as: Elements of Computers/Programming Astronomy, Biology, Chemistry, Geology or Physics Inquiry-based Mathematics Actuarial Science Course Examples Microeconomics and Macroeconomics Accounting Business Finance Linear Algebra and Matrix Theory Discrete Mathematics or Introduction to Number Theory Probability and Applied Statistics or Introduction to Mathematical Statistics Mathematics General Course Examples Discrete Mathematics or Introduction to Number Theory Multivariable Calculus or Advanced Calculus for Applications; Differential Equations with Linear Algebra; Linear Algebra and Matrix Theory; Probability Algebraic Structures, Real Analysis and/or Topology